

Network optimisation with dynamic modelling: the case study of Karlsruhe

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- 1. TTK in short
- 2. Karlsruhe Project
- 3. Aim of the study
- 4. Procedure



1. TTK in short

- Shareholders
- > TTK 20 years of expertise in Public Transport
- > Core competences
- 2. Karlsruhe Project
- 3. Aim of the study
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Shareholders



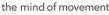
Majority shareholder with 51 %

PTV Transport Consult GmbH, a firm of the PTV Group, active worldwide in Software development, Consulting and Research in transportation and transport planning

Majority shareholder with 49 %

Albtal-Verkehrs-Gesellschaft mbH (AVG), the AVG is the operator of the regional Tram-Train and railway in the Karlsruhe area, partly on its own network, partly on the DB-Infrastructure with a 500 kilometre network













TTK 20 years of expertise in Public Transport

- Founded in 1996
- > Head office in Karlsruhe
- Branch in Lyon
- 30 employees
- Turnover 2015 : 2,6 Million Euros
- Firm fields:
 - Infrastructure
 - > Transport Planning, Operation and Vehicle





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Core competences



Direct access to the operator experience and the AVG's infrastructure



Large spectrum linked to expert engineers



International expertise in design and construction of tramway, Tram-Train, suburban railway and BRT





Wide knowledge of the French Public Transport market



Know-how exchange between France and Germany as well as other countries



1. TTK in short

2. Karlsruhe Project

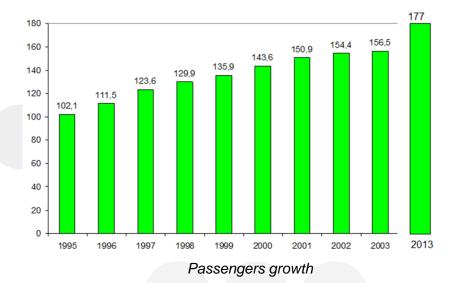
- > The Kalrsruhe Model
- > Origin of the "Kombilösung"
- > The futur network
- 3. Aim of the study
- 4. Procedure

Main facts

- Inhabitants: 1,3 Mio.
- Surface: 3.550 km²
- 120 cities and local authorities
- 21 operators
- ✤ 210 railway and bus lines
- ✤ 180 Mio. passengers / year
- Shareholder: 7 cities and administrative districts

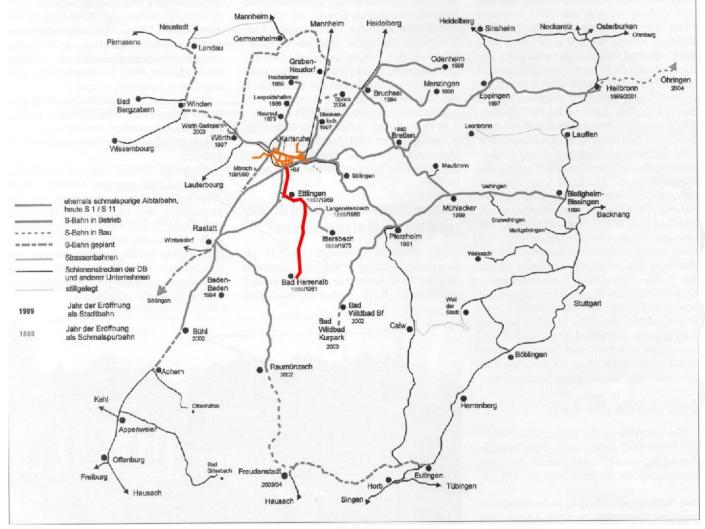
Principles

- Direct lines between the suburbs and the city center
- ✤ As fast as trains outside the city and as flexible as trams in the city
- Connection between railway and tramway networks
- High frequencies each day from 5 am to 1 am
- Modern vehicle fleet
- ✤ Attractive fares





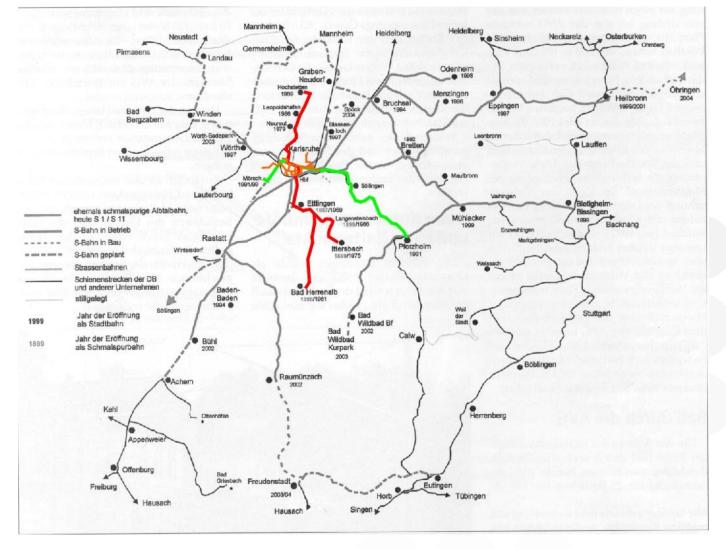
Network development: 1961





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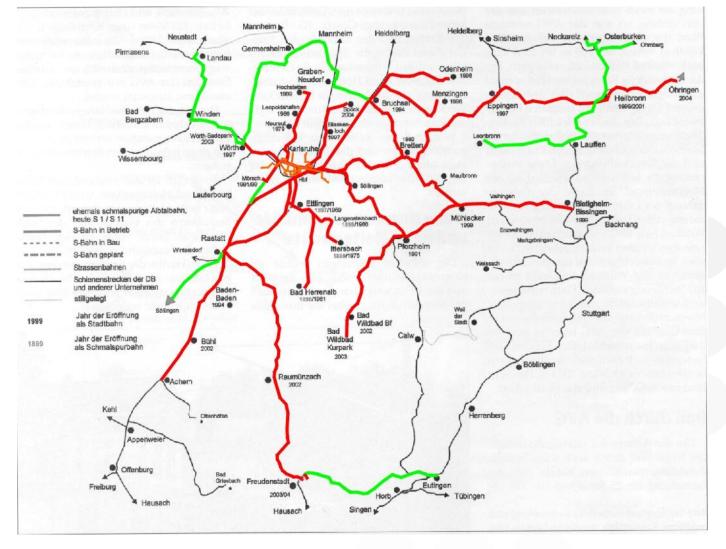
Network development: 1991





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Network development: since 2005





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> Origin of the "Kombilösung"

Due to the high tram and tram-trains traffic through the pedestrian area, it has been decided to build a tunnel in the city centre after a referendum at local level.



- > 6 lines between Europaplatz and Marktplatz
 - $(6^{*}6)^{*}2 = 62$ tramways or trams-trains / hour
- 8 lines between Marktplatz and Kronenplatz
 - : (6*7+4)*2 = 82 tramways or trams-trains / hour

> Origin of the "Kombilösung"

Overview of the future tunnels

- > an east-west tunnel (2.5 km) under the pedestrian area (Kaiserstraße)
- > a north-south tunnel (0,9 km) towards the main station (Ettlinger Straße)
- an east-west new tram track (Kriegstraße)

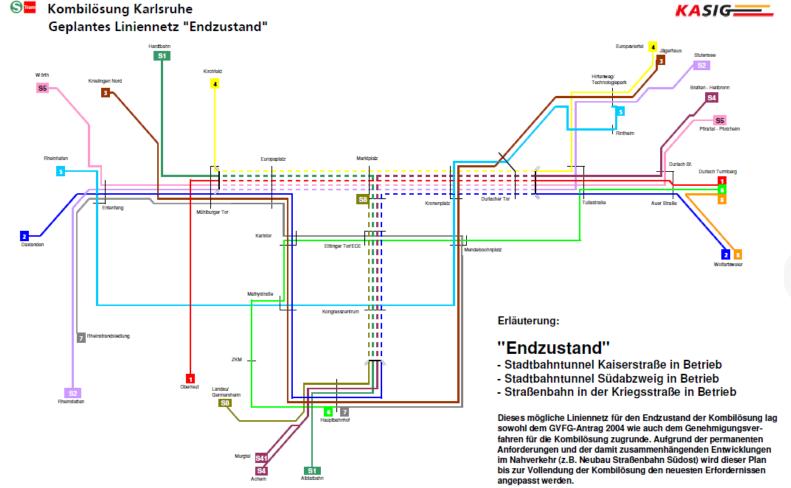




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The future network

Planned network with the "Kombilösung"





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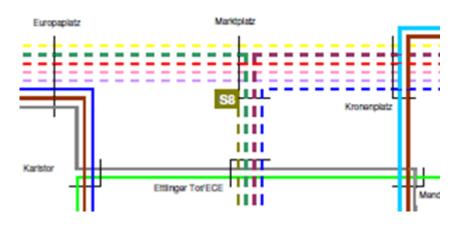
- 1. TTK in short
- 2. Karlsruhe Project
- 3. Aim of the study
 - Comparison of the planned network with a new network
 - > Tool
- 4. Procedure



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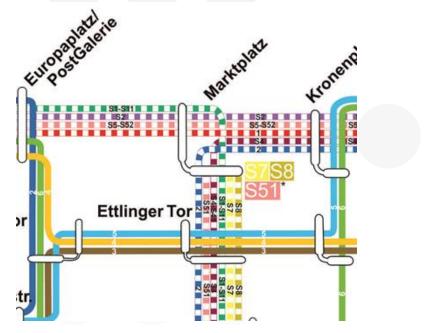
Planned network

- 5 lines between Europaplatz and Marktplatz (east-west tunnel)
- 6 lines between Marktplatz and Kronenplatz (east-west tunnel)
- 4 lines between Marktplatz and Hauptbahnhof (north-south tunnel)
- 2 lines on the new east-west track

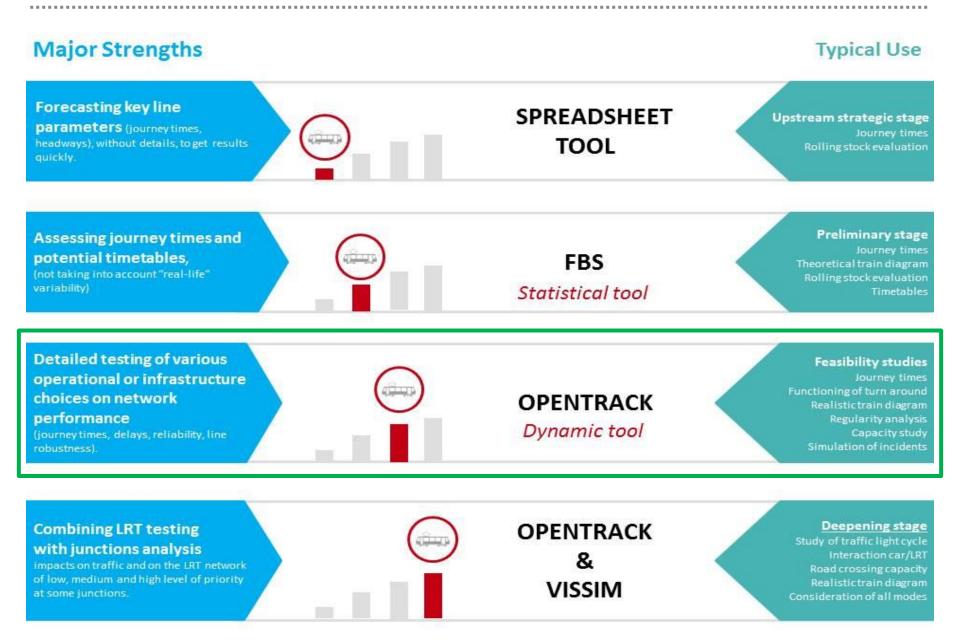


New developed network

- Among another study with Prof. Dr. Ralf Borndörfer Berlin and PTV-TC
- Study of several optimised network solutions for the time after opening of the tram tunnel under construction



Tool



- 1. TTK in short.
- 2. Karlsruhe Project
- 3. Aim of the study

4. Procedure

- > Creation of the infrastructure
- > Analysis of the actual operation data
- > Dynamic parameters
- > Calibration of the model
- Update of the model
- Results from the modelling



Creation of the infrastructure

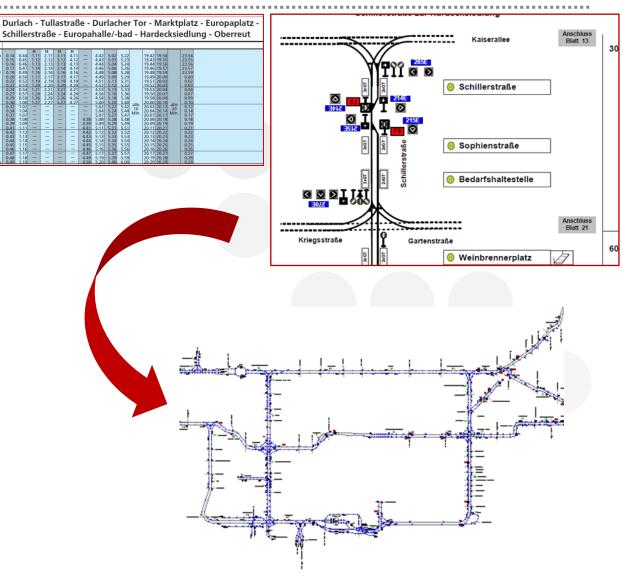
Montag - Freitag

Different data

- > Aerial view
- Track plan
- Speed limits
- Signals location
- Stations, etc.

Creation in OpenTrack

- Vehicles
- Lines
- > Timetable

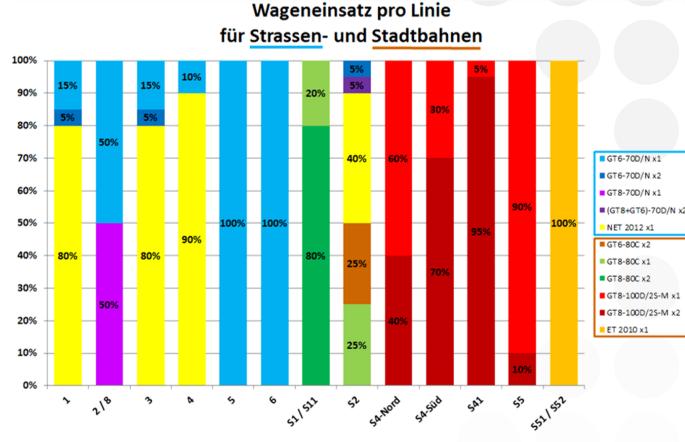




Creation of the infrastructure

6 different vehicles

- > A fleet of 3 different trams
- > A fleet of 3 different trams-trains









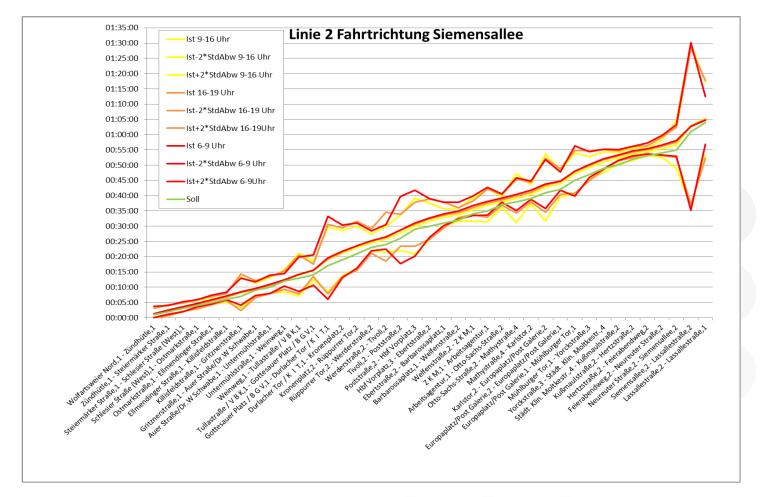




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> Analysis of the actual operation data

Travel times and variation along the day





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Analysis of the actual operation data

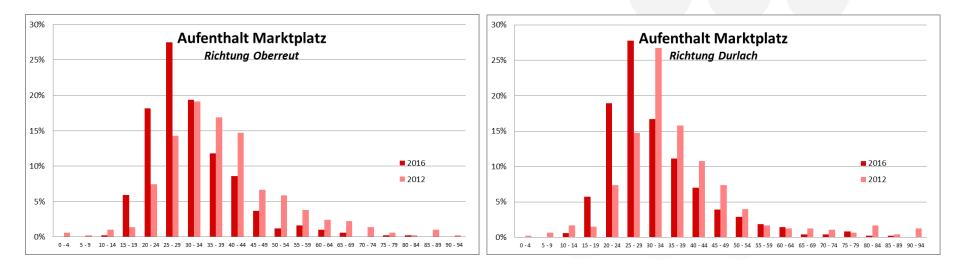
Dwell times distributions

- Study for all the stations
- Definition of standard distributions, except for some specific stations as the main station

Delay at the departure

Delay at the arrival

Frequency at major stations





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Performance

Each tram, in relation to their drivers, will have a specific behaviour in terms of speeds (some variation in the travel times).

Dwell times distributions

Each tram will stop with specific dwell times based on a distribution (which can change during the day).

Delay at the departure

Each tram will enter in the model with a specific advance / delay.

Junctions

Some junctions will be crossed with different levels of priority.

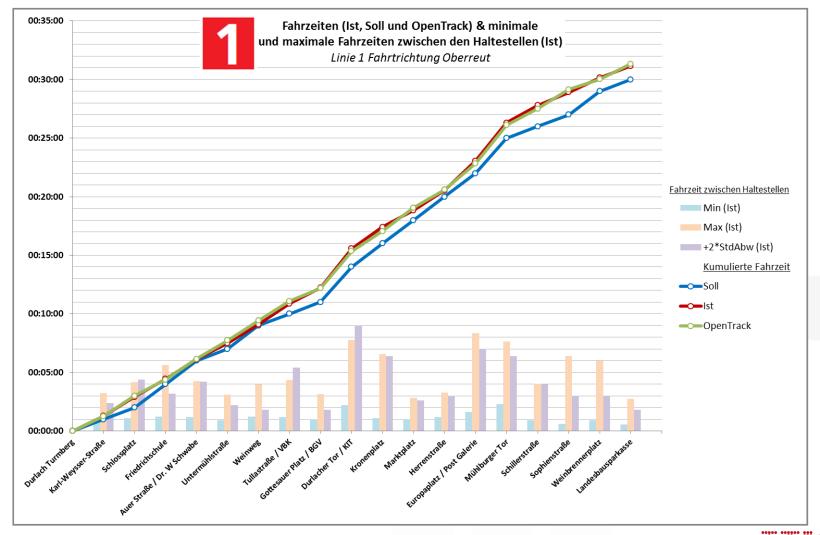
Delay amplification

A delayed train will have a longer dwell time based on ist delay regarding the timetable.



Calibration of the model

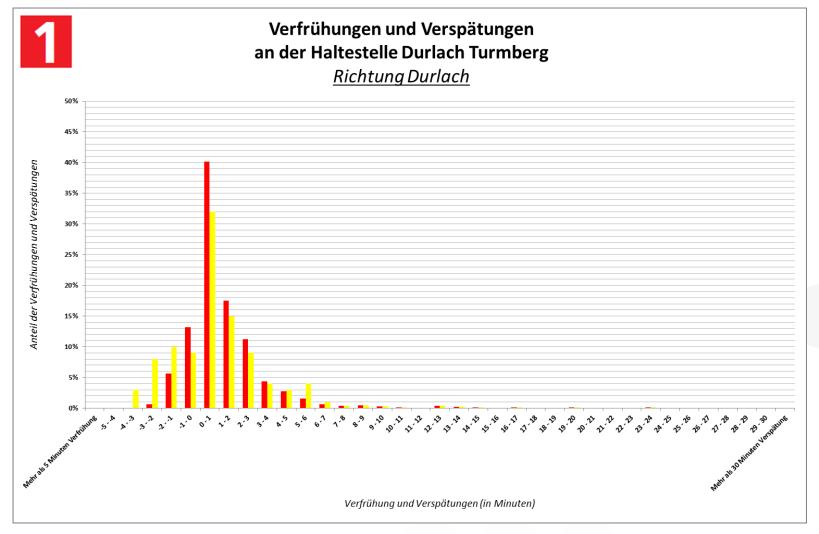
Average travel time : planned timetable, real data and OpenTrack data



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Calibration of the model

Example of distribution for arrivals ahead and behind schedule at a station



> Update of the model

Mühlburger Tor <> Lammstraße / Marktplatz



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New fleet on each line depending on the rolling stock available in the near future (2020-2021)

- > New rolling stock for tram lines
- > New rolling stock for tram-train lines

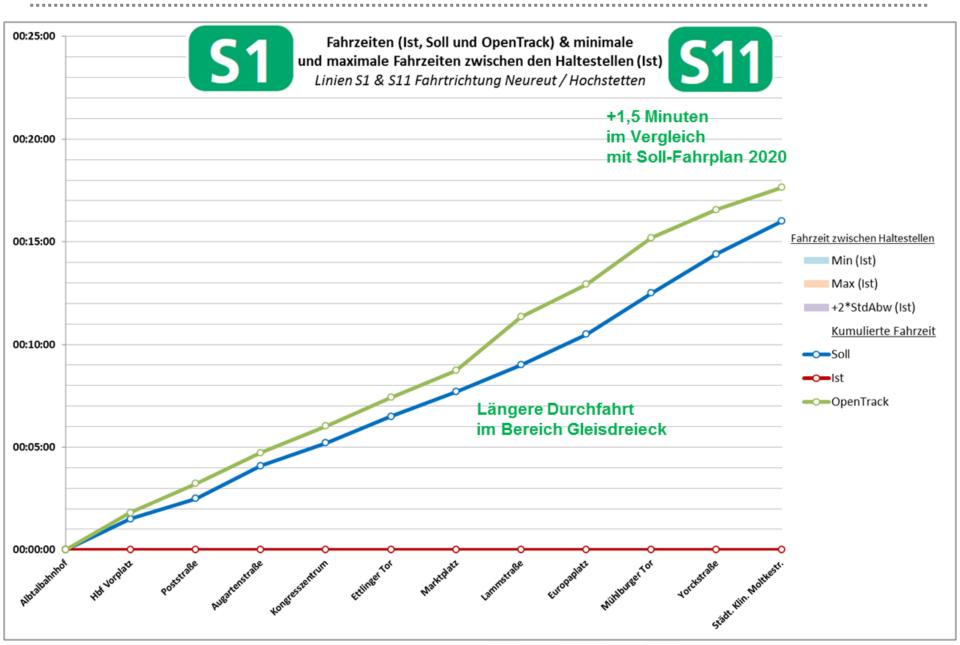
Assumption for dwell time distributions at some major stations

- > Depending on the location of the new stations: station in or outside the tunnel
- > Depending on the new network: new interchange points

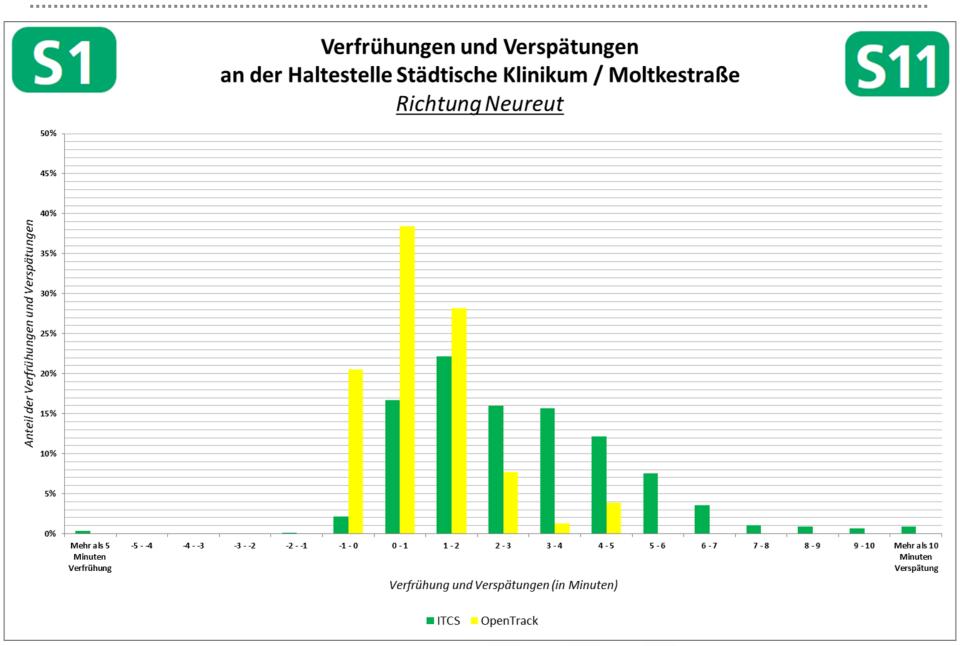
Assumption for the junctions

> Public Transport priority increased at some junctions due to the whole project

Results from the modelling: travel time analysis



Results from the modelling: ponctuality analysis



Results from the modelling

1. Comparison of the travel times before and after the project

2. Comparison of the travel times planned and "simulated"

- > on the east-west / west-east tunnel section
- > on the east-south / south-east tunnel section
- > on the west-south / south-west tunnel section

Beschriebung	Linie	S	(e	Fahrplan 2020 (in Minuten)	OpenTrack 2020 (in Minuten)	Zeit-Gewinn / -Verlust (in Minuten)	
Tunnel Ost-West	1	Mühlburger Tor	\$	Gottesauer Platz / BGV	8,5		
		Gottesauer Platz / BGV	<>	Mühlburger Tor	8,5		
	S2	Mühlburger Tor	<>	Gottesauer Platz / BGV	8,0		tial
		Gottesauer Platz / BGV	<>	Mühlburger Tor	8,5		fidencies
	S 5	Mühlburger Tor	<>	Gottesauer Platz / BGV	8,0	C,0'	nfidential
		Gottesauer Platz / BGV	<>	Mühlburger Tor	8,5		

Beschriebung	Linie	Strecke			Fahrplan 2020 (in Minuten)	OpenTrack 2020 (in Minuten)	Zeit-Gewinn / -Verlust (in Minuten)
Tunnel Ost-Süd	2	Augartenstraße	<>	Gottesauer Platz / BGV	9,0		
		Gottesauer Platz / BGV	<>	Augartenstraße	9,0		
	S4	Augartenstraße	<>	Gottesauer Platz / BGV	9,0		tial
		Gottesauer Platz / BGV	<>	Augartenstraße	9,0		sidentia.
Tunnel	S1	Mühlburger Tor	<>	Augartenstraße	9,0	Confidential	
Süd-West		Augartenstraße	\Leftrightarrow	Mühlburger Tor	8,5		



PROJECT PROGRESS



2. Integration in the model of the new network developed

3. Modelling of the optimised network and analysis



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4. New scenarios?





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Thank you for your attention!

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